Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Please cancel claims 6, 8, 12, 14-18 without prejudice, amend claims 1, 2, 7, 11, 13, and 23, and add new claims 24-33 as follows:

1. (Currently amended): Method for reducing cross-talk in a communication system comprising a plurality of transmitters for transmitting encoded data signals via respective communications channels to a plurality of receivers and receiving back matrix updating information, said method comprising the steps of:

processing encoded_training data signals from in the plurality of a transmitters-transmitter utilizing at least one an initial pre-coding matrix to produce a first pre-coded training signal;

communicating-transmitting said first pre-coded training signal to on a respective first communication channel; and

adapting said at least one pre-coding matrix in response to an impairment indicative signal;

receiving from the first communication channel the matrix updating information

computed at a receiver on the other end of the first communication channel, the matrix updating information having been computed utilizing the transmitted first pre-coded training signal and a second pre-coding matrix located at the receiver; and

updating said initial pre-coding matrix based on said matrix updating information,

whereby said processing-updating tending-tends to offset channel impairments within said first

communications communication channel.

- 2. (Currently amended): The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of: receiving said first pre-coded signal from said first communications channel; and wherein the matrix updating information is generated in generating said receiver based on an impairment indicative signal in response to a determination of a channel impairment level of said first communications communication channel.
- 3. (original): The method of claim 2, wherein said impairment indicative signal is determined according to a least mean square (LMS) algorithm.
- 4. (Previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein signals propagated via each of said communications channels comprise a respective set of in-phase (I) and quadrature (Q) signals forming carrierless amplitude and phase (CAP) modulated signals.
- (Previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein signals propagated via
 each of said communications channels comprise a respective set of in-phase (I) and quadrature
 (Q) signals forming quadrature amplitude modulated (QAM) signals.
 - 6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Currently amended): The method of claim 4, wherein said step of adapting-updating comprises the steps of:

increasing an amplitude level of at least on respective set of said I and Q signals; and

repeating said steps of processing, transmitting, and communicating receiving until an impairment indicative signal level is less than a threshold level.

- 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Previously presented): The method of claim § 1, wherein each of said N-plurality of transmitters processes an encoded training data signal signals utilizing a an initial pre-coding matrix in each transmitter. , each pre-coding matrix processing encoded data signals from the other transmitters.
 - 10. (Previously canceled)
 - 11. (Currently amended): The method of claim § 1, wherein:

each of said N-plurality of transmitters performs the a step of selecting initial parameters for its respective initial pre-coding matrix prior to processing transmitting said first pre-coded training signal a respective encoded data signal, said selected initial parameters tending to offset channel impairments of said respective communications channels., said step of selecting comprising the steps of:

propagating a pre-defined training sequence via a respective communications channel;

receiving said pre-defined training sequence from said respective communications channel; and

determining initial parameters of said at least one pre-coding matrix, using saidreceived pre-defined training sequence, to adapt to said channel impairments of saidrespective communications channel.

- 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Currently amended): The method of claim +1_1, further comprising the step of training an equalizer to reduce channel-specific impairments from said received pre-defined training sequence prior to selecting said initial <u>pre-coding matrix parameters within said first communication channel</u>.
 - 14-18 (Canceled)
 - 19-22. (Previously canceled)
- 23. (Currently amended): Apparatus for reducing cross-talk in a communications system comprising a plurality of transmitters for transmitting encoded data signals via respective communications channels to a plurality of receivers and receiving back matrix updating information, said apparatus comprising:

means for processing encoded training data signals from in the plurality of a transmitters transmitter utilizing at least one an initial pre-coding matrix to produce a first pre-coded training signal;

means for communicating transmitting said first pre-coded training signal to on a respective-first communications communication channel; and

means for adapting said at least one pre-coding matrix in response to an impairment indicative signal;

means for receiving from the first communication channel the matrix updating information computed at a receiver on the other end of the first communication channel, the

matrix updating information having been computed utilizing the transmitted first pre-coded training signal and a second pre-coding matrix located at the receiver; and

means for updating said initial pre-coding matrix based on said matrix updating information, whereby said processing updating tending tends to offset channel impairments within said first eommunications communication channel.

24. (new): Method for reducing cross-talk in a communication system comprising a plurality of receivers for receiving encoded data signals via respective communications channels from a plurality of transmitters and transmitting back matrix updating information, said method comprising the steps of:

receiving in a receiver a first pre-coded training signal from a first communication channel;

processing the first pre-coded training signal in the receiver utilizing a first pre-coding matrix located in the receiver to produce the matrix updating information; and

transmitting on the first communication channel the matrix updating information computed at the receiver for utilization by a transmitter on the other end of the first communication channel to update a second pre-coding matrix located in the transmitter based on said matrix updating information.

25. (new): The method of claim 24, further comprising the step of:

generating the matrix updating information in said receiver based on an impairment indicative signal in response to a determination of a channel impairment level of said first communication channel.

- 26. (new): The method of claim 25, wherein said impairment indicative signal is determined according to a least mean square (LMS) algorithm.
- 27. (new): The method of claim 24, wherein signals propagated via each of said communications channels comprise a respective set of in-phase (I) and quadrature (Q) signals forming carrierless amplitude and phase (CAP) modulated signals.
- 28. (new): The method of claim 24, wherein signals propagated via each of said communications channels comprise a respective set of in-phase (I) and quadrature (Q) signals forming quadrature amplitude modulated (QAM) signals.
- 29. (new): The method of claim 25, further comprising the step of:

 determining the impairment indicative signal in the receiver using said first pre-coded training signal and a receiver copy of the first pre-coded training signal.
- 30. (new): The method of claim 27, wherein said step of updating comprises the steps of:

increasing an amplitude level of at least on respective set of said I and Q signals; and repeating said steps of receiving, processing, and transmitting until an impairment indicative signal level is less than a threshold level.

- 31. (new): The method of claim 24, wherein each of said plurality of receivers processes a pre-coded training signal utilizing a first pre-coding matrix in each receiver.
 - 32. (new): The method of claim 24, wherein:

each of said plurality of receivers performs a step of selecting initial parameters for its respective first pre-coding matrix prior to receiving said pre-coded training signal, said selected

initial parameters tending to offset channel impairments of said respective communications channels.

33. (new): The method of claim 24, further comprising the step of training an equalizer to reduce channel-specific impairments within said first communication channel.